

1. If $x^2 - 3 = 2\sqrt{2}$
 - a. Find the value of x .
 - b. Find the value of $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$
 - c. Find the value of $x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5}$.
2. If $a + b = \sqrt{7}$ and $a - b = \sqrt{5}$
 - a. Find the value of $(a^2 - b^2)^2$
 - b. Prove that: $8ab(a^2 + b^2) = 24$.
 - c. If $a + b + c = m$, $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = n$ and $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = p^3$ show that $m^3 + 2p^3 = 3mn$ where $c = 0$.
3. $b + \frac{1}{b} = 5$, $p^4 = 119 - \frac{1}{p^4}$.
 - a. Resolve into factors: $m^4 - 7m^2 + 1$.
 - b. Show that: $\frac{b^8 - 1}{b^4} = 115\sqrt{21}$.
 - c. Prove that: $p^6 - 1 - 36p^3 = 0$.
4. Sum of a number and its multiplicative inverse is 3.
 - a. If the number is x , express the above information by an equation.
 - b. Find the value of $x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}$
 - c. Prove that $x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} = 123$.
5. If $a = \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}$
 - a. Find the value of $a + \frac{1}{a}$.
 - b. Determine the value of $p^3 + \frac{1}{p^3}$.
 - c. Determine the value of $p^6 + \frac{1}{p^6}$.

Question ▶ 11 | $x^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$, $a + b + c = m$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = n \text{ and } a^3 + b^3 = p^3$$

[Ctg. B. 17]

a. Find the value of x .

2

b. Prove that $\frac{x^8 + 1}{x^4} = 98$.

4

c. If $C = 0$ then show that $m^3 + 2p^3 = 3mn$.

4

Question ▶ 12 $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 10.$

[S. B. 17]

a. Find the value of $x + \frac{1}{x}.$

2

b. Prove that, $\frac{x^8 - 1}{x^4} = 40\sqrt{6}$

4

c. Find the value of $x^5 - \frac{1}{x^5}.$

4

Question ▶ 1 $y = 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$ and $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{82}{9}.$

[D.B. 19]

a. Resolve into factors : $m^3 - 3m^2 + 3m - 2.$

2

b. Find the value of $y^4 + \frac{1}{y^4}.$

4

c. Prove that, $27\left(x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right) = 728.$

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